# LEGISLATIVE SERVICES AGENCY OFFICE OF FISCAL AND MANAGEMENT ANALYSIS

200 W. Washington, Suite 301 Indianapolis, IN 46204 (317) 233-0696 http://www.in.gov/legislative

#### FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

**LS 7034 NOTE PREPARED:** Dec 31, 2008

BILL NUMBER: SB 361 BILL AMENDED:

**SUBJECT:** Firearms in Locked Vehicles.

FIRST AUTHOR: Sen. Stutzman

BILL STATUS: As Introduced

FIRST SPONSOR:

FUNDS AFFECTED: X GENERAL IMPACT: State & Local

DEDICATED FEDERAL

<u>Summary of Legislation:</u> The bill prohibits a person from adopting or enforcing a policy or rule that prohibits or has the effect of prohibiting an individual from legally possessing a firearm that is locked in the individual's vehicle while the vehicle is in or on the person's property. It excepts possession of a firearm: (1) on school property or a school bus; (2) on certain child care and shelter facility property; (3) on penal facility property; and (4) in violation of federal law.

It also provides that a person who, in compliance with the prohibition, does not adopt or enforce such a policy or rule is not liable for resulting injury or damage. The bill authorizes a civil action for damages, costs, attorney's fees, and injunctive relief to remedy a violation.

Effective Date: July 1, 2009.

#### **Explanation of State Expenditures:**

**Explanation of State Revenues:** There are no data available to indicate if additional civil actions would occur resulting from a person adopting or enforcing a policy prohibiting the possession of firearms on certain property.

If additional civil actions occur and court fees are collected, revenue to the state General Fund may increase. A civil costs fee of \$100 would be assessed when a civil case is filed, 70% of which would be deposited in the state General Fund if the case is filed in a court of record or 55% if the case is filed in a city or town court. In addition, some or all of the document storage fee (\$2), automated record keeping fee (\$7), judicial salaries fee (\$18), public defense administration fee (\$3), court administration fee (\$5), and the judicial

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insurance adjustment fee (\$1) are deposited into the state General Fund. Additional fees may be collected at the discretion of the judge and depending upon the particular type of case.

## **Explanation of Local Expenditures:**

Explanation of Local Revenues: If additional civil actions occur, local governments would receive revenue from the following sources. The county general fund would receive 27% of the \$100 civil costs fee that is assessed in a court of record. Cities and towns maintaining a law enforcement agency that prosecutes at least 50% of its ordinance violations in a court of record may receive 3% of court fees. If the case is filed in a city or town court, 20% of the court fee would be deposited in the county general fund and 25% would be deposited in the city or town general fund. Additional fees may be collected at the discretion of the judge and depending upon the particular type of case.

### **State Agencies Affected:**

**Local Agencies Affected:** 

**Information Sources:** 

Fiscal Analyst: Karen Firestone, 317-234-2106.

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